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SCANNED

AFTER RECORDING RETURN TO:
PROCOMM
300 EAST SONTERRA BLVD.
SUITE 350
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78258

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.
COMMUNITY MANUAL

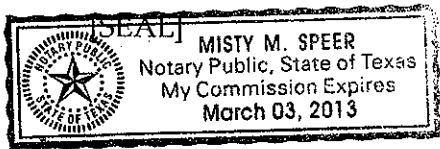
The undersigned hereby certifies that he/she is the duly elected, qualified and acting Director of the SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., a Texas non-profit corporation (the "Association"), and that this is a true and correct copy of the current Community Manual of the Association adopted by the Board of Directors of the Association.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this certificate on the 28 day of December, 2011.

Cathy Teague
Cathy Teague, Director

STATE OF TEXAS §
COUNTY OF Bexar §

This instrument was acknowledged before me of this 28 day of December 2011, by Cathy Teague, the Director of the SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., a Texas non-profit corporation, on behalf of said corporation.



Misty M. Speer
Notary Public Signature

In the event of a conflict between the terms and provisions of the Restrictions (defined below) or any policies adopted by the Board prior to the effective date of this instrument, the terms and provisions of this instrument shall control.

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

COMMUNITY MANUAL

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ATTACHMENT 1

CERTIFICATE OF FORMATION OR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION



Office of the Secretary of State

March 07, 2006

Graves Dougherty Hearon & Moody
P O Box 98
Austin, TX 78767 USA

RE: SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.
File Number: 800622848

It has been our pleasure to file the certificate of formation and issue the enclosed certificate of filing evidencing the existence of the newly created nonprofit corporation.

Nonprofit corporations do not automatically qualify for an exemption from federal and state taxes. Shortly, the Comptroller of Public Accounts will be contacting the corporation at its registered office for information that will assist the Comptroller in setting up the franchise tax account for the corporation. If you need to contact the Comptroller about franchise taxes or exemption therefrom, you may contact the agency by calling (800) 252-1381, by e-mail to tax.help@cpa.state.tx.us or by writing P. O. Box 13528, Austin, TX 78711-3528. Telephone questions regarding other business taxes, including sales taxes, should be directed to (800) 252-5555. Information on exemption from federal taxes is available from the Internal Revenue Service.

Nonprofit corporations do not file annual reports with the Secretary of State, but do file a report not more often than once every four years as requested by the Secretary. It is important for the corporation to continuously maintain a registered agent and office in Texas as this is the address to which the Secretary of State will send a request to file a periodic report. Failure to maintain a registered agent or office in Texas, failure to file a change to the agent or office information, or failure to file a report when requested may result in the involuntary termination of the corporation. Additionally, a nonprofit corporation will file documents with the Secretary of State if the corporation needs to amend one of the provisions in its certificate of formation.

If we can be of further service at any time, please let us know.

Sincerely,

Corporations Section
Business & Public Filings Division
(512) 463-5555
Enclosure



Office of the Secretary of State

CERTIFICATE OF FILING OF

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.
File Number: 800622848

The undersigned, as Secretary of State of Texas, hereby certifies that a Certificate of Formation for the above named Domestic Nonprofit Corporation has been received in this office and has been found to conform to the applicable provisions of law.

ACCORDINGLY, the undersigned, as Secretary of State, and by virtue of the authority vested in the secretary by law, hereby issues this certificate evidencing filing effective on the date shown below.

The issuance of this certificate does not authorize the use of a name in this state in violation of the rights of another under the federal Trademark Act of 1946, the Texas trademark law, the Assumed Business or Professional Name Act, or the common law.

Dated: 03/06/2006

Effective: 03/06/2006



A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Roger Williams".

Roger Williams
Secretary of State

FILED
In the Office of the
Secretary of State of Texas
MAR 06 2006
Corporations Section

**ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF**

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.

I, the undersigned, natural person of the age of twenty-one (21) years or more, being a citizen of the State of Texas, and acting as the Incorporator of a corporation under the Texas Nonprofit Corporation Act, do hereby adopt the following Articles of Incorporation for such Corporation.

ARTICLE I

Name

The name of the corporation is SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC., hereinafter referred to as the "Corporation" or the "Association".

ARTICLE II

Nonprofit Corporation

The Association is a non-profit corporation.

ARTICLE III

Duration

The period of its duration shall be perpetual.

ARTICLE IV

Powers

The Corporation shall have all power allowed by the law of Texas to be exercised by non-profit corporations, including, without limitation, the power and responsibility to maintain and administer the common area of Sundance and any additional properties which may come within the jurisdiction of the Association; to administer and enforce any covenants and restrictions filed of record in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Bexar County, Texas; to collect and disburse the assessments and charges thereof; and to similarly deal with all additional properties which may come within the jurisdiction of the Association by annexation or otherwise, and all other property, real, personal and mixed which the Association may acquire.

ARTICLE V

Membership

The Association shall have two classes of Members. Class "A" Members shall be all Owners of Property subject to the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for

Sundance (hereinafter referred to as the "Declaration"), other than Declarant (as defined in the Declaration). Membership shall be appurtenant to and may not be separated from ownership of any lot which is subject to assessment by the Association.

The Class "B" Member shall be Declarant; provided, however, that Declarant shall cease to be a Class "B" Member and shall become a Class "A" Member on the happening of either of the following events:

- A. When the total votes outstanding the Class "A" membership equals the total votes outstanding in the Class "B" membership; or
- B. The expiration of ten (10) years from the recording date of the Declaration in the Real Property Records of Bexar County, Texas.

ARTICLE VI

Voting Rights

Class "A" Member. The Class "A" Member shall be entitled to one (1) vote for each Lot owned. When more than one (1) person holds an interest in any Lot, all such persons shall be Members. The vote for such Lot shall be exercised as they among themselves determine, but in no event shall more than one (1) vote be cast with respect to any Lot. In the event that Members jointly entitled to cast one vote do not agree as to how their vote is to be cast, their vote shall be void and of no effect.

Class "B" Member. The Class "B" Member shall be entitled to ten (10) votes for each Lot it owns.

ARTICLE VII

Board of Directors

The affairs of this Association shall be managed by a Board of three (3) Directors. The number of Directors may be changed by amendment of the Bylaws of the Association. Until the election of the Directors at the first annual meeting of the Members, the three (3) initial Board of Directors, listed in Article XI, shall so serve.

At the first annual meeting, Members shall elect the entire Board of Directors as follows: the candidate receiving the third-highest number of votes shall be elected for a term of one (1) year, the candidate receiving the second-highest number of votes shall be elected for a term of two (2) years, and the candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected to a term of three (3) years; and at each annual meeting thereafter, all Directors shall be elected for three (3) year terms.

ARTICLE VIII

Dissolution

The Association may be dissolved with the assent given in writing and signed by not less than two-thirds (2/3) of the Members. Upon dissolution of the Association, other than incident to a merger or consolidation, the assets of the Association shall be dedicated to an appropriate

public agency to be used for purposes similar to those for which this Association was created. In the event that such dedication is refused acceptance, such assets shall be granted, conveyed and assigned to any nonprofit corporation, association, trust or other organization to be devoted to such similar purposes.

ARTICLE IX

Amendments

Amendment of these Articles shall require the assent of three-fourths (3/4) of the Membership.

ARTICLE X

Registered Agent

The street address of the initial registered office of the Corporation is 4800 Fredericksburg Road, San Antonio, TX 78229, and the name of its registered agent at such address is Cindy Hansen.

ARTICLE XI

Initial Board of Directors

The number of Directors constituting the initial Board of Directors of the Corporation is three (3), and the names and addresses of the persons who are to serve as the initial Directors are:

Cindy Hansen	4800 Fredericksburg Road San Antonio, TX 78229
Carlos J. Contreras III	4800 Fredericksburg Road San Antonio, TX 78229
Matthew Wallace	4800 Fredericksburg Road San Antonio, TX 78229

ARTICLE XII

Incorporator

The name and street address of the Incorporator is:

Cindy Hansen
4800 Fredericksburg Road
San Antonio, TX 78229

EXECUTED this _____ day of February, 2006.

Cindy Hansen

Cindy Hansen, Incorporator

STATE OF TEXAS

§
§
§

COUNTY OF BEXAR

Before me, a notary public, on this day personally appeared Cindy Hansen, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing document and, being by me first duly sworn, declared that the statements therein contained are true and correct.

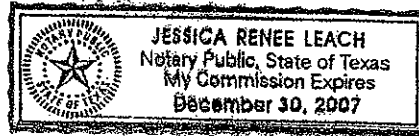
Given under my hand and seal of office this 22 day of February, 2006.

My Commission Expires:

12/30/07

Jessica Renee Leach

Notary Public, State of Texas



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Doc# 20060114893

Pages 3

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e-Filed & e-Recorded in the

Official Public Records of

BEXAR COUNTY

GERRY RICKHOFF COUNTY CLERK

Fees 20.00

STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF BEXAR

This is to Certify that this document
was e-FILED and e-RECORDED in the Official
Public Records of Bexar County, Texas
on this date and time stamped thereon.

05/17/2006 15:57:48 PM

COUNTY CLERK, BEXAR COUNTY TEXAS



Gerry Rickhoff

ATTACHMENT 2
BYLAWS

BYLAWS OF

**SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO)
HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.
(A Texas Non-Profit Corporation)**

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

1.01. Definitions.

(a) All terms used herein, such as (but not by way of limitation) "owners", "lot", "land", "Areas of Common Responsibility", "Declarant", and "assessments" shall have the same meanings as set forth in that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions filed of record on February 27, 2006, as Document No. 20060043426, of the Real Property Records of Bexar County, Texas.

(b) "Act" shall refer to the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act, as amended from time to time.

ARTICLE II

NAME

2.01. Name. The name of this corporation shall be SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC., (hereinafter called the "Association").

ARTICLE III

OFFICES OF THE ASSOCIATION

3.01. Principal Office. The initial principal office of the Association shall be located at 4800 Fredericksburg Road, San Antonio, TX 78229, but meetings of members and directors may be held at such place within the State of Texas as may be designated by the Board of Directors.

3.02. Other Offices. The Association may also have offices at such other places both within and without the State of Texas as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine or as the business of the Association may require.

4.05. Notice of Meetings. Written or printed notice stating the place, day and hour of the meeting and, in case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be delivered by the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Association not less than

4.04. Special Meetings. It shall be the duty of the President of the Association to call a special meeting of the members as directed by resolution of the Board of Directors or upon receipt of a written request of members entitled to vote at least one-fourth (1/4) of all of the votes of either class of membership. No business except as stated in the notice shall be transacted at a special meeting of the members. Any such meetings shall be held after the first annual meeting and shall be held within forty-five (45) days after receipt by the President of such request or petition.

4.03. Annual Meetings. The first meeting of the Association shall be held within one (1) year from the date of incorporation of the Association, and each subsequent regular annual meeting of the members shall be held on the same day of the same month of each year thereafter unless otherwise determined by the Board. At such meetings, there shall be elected a Board of Directors by ballot of the members in accordance with the requirements of Article V of these Bylaws. The members may also transact such other business of the Association as may properly come before them at such meeting. If the day for the annual meeting of the members is a legal holiday, the meeting will be held at the same hour on the first day following such day which is not a legal holiday.

4.02. Place of Meeting. Meetings of the Association shall be held at such suitable place, reasonably convenient to the members, within the State of Texas, County of Bexar, as the Board of Directors may determine.

4.01. Association Responsibilities. The members will constitute the Association, which shall be responsible for administering and enforcing the covenants, conditions and restrictions contained in the Declaration, including with respect to the collection and disbursement of charges and assessments as provided therein, and coordinating with other homeowners' associations in the adjacent subdivisions in administering and enforcing such covenants, conditions and restrictions through their respective boards of directors. In the event of any dispute or disagreement between any members relating to the land, or any questions of interpretation or application of the provisions of the Declaration, Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, such dispute or disagreement shall be submitted to the Board of Directors of the Association. The resolution of such dispute or disagreement by such Board of Directors shall be binding on each and all such members, subject to the right of members to seek other remedies provided by law after such determination by such Board of Directors.

ASSOCIATION RESPONSIBILITIES AND MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

ARTICLE IV

fifteen (15) nor more than thirty (30) days before the date of the meeting, either personally or by mail, to each member of record entitled to vote at such meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail, addressed to the member at his address as it appears on the books of the Association, with postage thereon prepaid. Business transacted at any special meeting shall be confined to the purposes stated in the notice or waiver thereof.

4.06. Quorum. The holders of one-tenth (1/10) of the votes of each class of membership, represented in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum for any meetings of members except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation, the Declaration or the Bylaws. If, however, such quorum shall not be present or represented at any meeting of the members, the members present, or represented by proxy, shall have the power to adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum as aforesaid shall be present or be represented. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which may have been transacted at the meeting as originally notified.

4.07. Proxies. At all meetings of members, each member may vote in person or by proxy. All proxies shall be in writing and shall be filed with the Secretary of the Association. Every proxy shall be revocable and shall automatically cease upon conveyance by a member of his lot.

4.08. Voting by Association and Members. The Association shall not be a voting member of the Association by virtue of its ownership of any lot. Each member may vote the number of votes and in the manner set forth in the Declaration and Articles of Incorporation.

4.09. Order of Business. The order of business at all meetings of the Members shall be as follows:

- (a) roll call and certifying proxies;
- (b) proof of notice of meeting or waiver of notice;
- (c) reading and disposal of unapproved minutes of prior meetings;
- (d) reports of officers;
- (e) reports of committees;
- (f) election of directors;
- (g) unfinished business;

5.02. Powers and Duties. The Board of Directors shall have the powers and duties necessary for the administration of the affairs of the Association and for the operation and maintenance of the land in keeping with the character and quality of the area in which it is located. The business and affairs of the Association shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors which may exercise all such powers of the Association and do all such lawful acts and things as are not by statute, the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws or the Declaration directed or required to be exercised or done by the members.

5.01. Number and Qualification. Until the first meeting of the Association, the affairs of the Association shall be governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the three (3) persons delineated in the Articles of Incorporation of the Association. At such first meeting, there shall be elected three (3) directors to the Board of Directors who shall thereafter govern the affairs of the Association until their successors have been duly elected and qualified.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ARTICLE V

4.11. Action Taken Without a Meeting. Any action required by statute to be taken at an annual or special meeting of the members, or any action which is otherwise permitted by law or by these Bylaws, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by all of the members entitled to vote with respect to the subject matter thereof, and such consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of members. Subject to the provisions required or permitted by statute for notice of meetings, unless otherwise restricted by the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the members may participate in and hold a meeting by means of telephone conference or similar communications equipment by which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other.

4.10. Membership List. The officer or agent having charge of the membership books shall make, at least five (5) days before each meeting of members, a complete list of the members entitled to vote at such meeting or any adjournment thereof, arranged in alphabetical order, with the address of and number of votes held by each, which list, for a period of five (5) days prior to such meeting, shall be kept on file at the principal office of the Association, and shall be subject to inspection by any member at any time during usual business hours. Such list shall also be produced and kept open at the time and place of the meeting, and shall be subject to the inspection of any member during the whole time of the meeting. The original member books shall be prima facie evidence as to who are the members entitled to examine such list or to vote at any such meeting of members.

- (i) adjournment.
- (h) new business; and

5.08. Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at such time and place as shall be determined, from time to time, by a majority of the Directors, but at least one (1) such meeting shall be held during each calendar year. Notice of regular meetings

5.07. Organizational Meeting. The first meeting of each newly elected Board of Directors shall be held at such time and place as shall be fixed by the vote of the members at the annual meeting, and no notice of such meeting shall be necessary to the newly elected directors in order legally to constitute the meeting, provided a quorum shall be present. In the event of the failure of the members to fix the time and place of such first meeting of the newly elected Board of Directors, or in the event such meeting is not held at the time and place so fixed by the members, the meeting shall be held within ten (10) days after the annual meeting of the members at such place as shall be fixed by the Directors at the meeting at which such Directors were elected, and no notice shall be necessary to the newly elected Directors in order to legally constitute such meeting, provided a quorum of the Board of Directors shall be present.

5.06. Removal of Directors. At any annual or special meeting of the Association duly called, any one or more of the Directors may be removed with or without cause by the affirmative vote of a majority of members of each class entitled to vote who are present at a meeting at which a quorum is present, and a successor may then and there be elected to fill the vacancy thus created. Any Director whose removal has been proposed by the members shall be given an opportunity to be heard at the meeting.

5.05. Vacancies. Vacancies in the Board of Directors caused by death, resignation or disqualification (i.e., by any reason other than the removal of a Director by a vote of the Association as set forth in Section 5.06 hereof) shall be filled by vote of the majority of the remaining Directors, even though they may constitute less than a quorum, and each person so elected shall be a Director until his successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the Association to serve out the unexpired term (if any) of his predecessor in office. Vacancies in the Board of Directors caused by a removal of a Director by a vote of the Association shall be filled in the manner set forth in Section 5.06 hereof.

5.04. Election and Term of Office. At the first meeting of the Association, the term of office for three (3) Directors shall be fixed at one (1) year. At the expiration of the initial term of office of each respective Director, his successor shall be elected to serve a term of one (1) year. The Directors shall hold office until their successors have been elected and hold their first meeting, except as is otherwise provided herein.

5.03. No Waiver of Rights. The omission or failure of the Association or any member thereto or hereto, shall not constitute or be deemed a waiver, modification or release thereof, and to enforce the covenants, conditions, restrictions, easements, uses, liens, limitations, obligations or other provisions of the Declaration, these Bylaws or the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto or hereto, shall not constitute or be deemed a waiver, modification or release thereof, and the Board of Directors shall have the right to enforce the same at any time thereafter.

5.15. Nomination and Election of Directors. Nomination for election to the Board of Directors shall be made by a Nominating Committee. Nominations may also be made from the floor at the annual meeting. The Nominating Committee shall consist of a Chairman, who shall

5.14. Action Taken Without a Meeting. The Directors shall have the right to take any action in the absence of a meeting which they could take at any meeting by obtaining the written approval of all the Directors. Any action so approved shall have the same effect as though taken at a meeting of the Directors.

5.13. Compensation. No member of the Board of Directors shall receive any compensation for acting as such.

5.12. Board of Directors' Quorum. At all meetings of the Board of Directors, a majority of the Directors in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the acts of the majority of the Directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the acts of the Board of Directors. Directors present by proxy may not be counted toward a quorum. If, at any meeting of the Board of Directors, there is less than a quorum present, the majority of those present may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present. At any such adjourned meeting, any business which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally called may be transacted without further notice.

5.11. Waiver of Notice. Before or after any meeting of the Board of Directors, any Director may, in writing, waive notice of such meeting and such waiver shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. Attendance by a Director at any meeting of the Board of Directors shall be a waiver of notice by him of the time and place thereof. If all of the Directors are present at any meeting of the Board of Directors, no notice shall be required and any business may be transacted at such meeting.

5.10. Meeting by Telephonic Means. Members of the Board of Directors may participate in a meeting by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this Section 5.10 shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

5.09. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the President upon five (5) days' notice to each Director, given personally or by mail, telephone or telegaph, which notice shall state the time, place and purpose of the meeting. Special meetings of the Board of Directors shall be called by the President, Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Association in like manner and on like notice on the written request of one (1) or more Directors.

of the Board of Directors shall be given to each Director, personally or by mail, telephone or telegaph, at least five (5) days prior to the day named for such meeting.

6.05. President. The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Association. He shall preside at all meetings of the Association and of the Board of Directors. He shall have all of the general powers and duties which are usually vested in the office of president of an association, including but not limited to the power to appoint committees from the members from

6.04. Vacancies. A vacancy in any office due to the death, resignation, removal or other disqualification of the officer previously filling such office may be filled by appointment by the Board of Directors. The officer appointed to such vacancy shall serve for the remainder of the term of the officer he replaces.

6.03. Resignation and Removal of Officers. Upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Board of Directors, any officer may be removed, either with or without cause, and his successor appointed at any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors called for such purpose. An officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board of Directors, the President or the Secretary. Such resignation shall take effect on the date such notice is received, or at any later time specified therein. Unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

6.02. Election of Officers. The officers of the Association shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors at the annual meeting of the Board of Directors, and such new officers shall hold office subject to the continuing approval of the Board of Directors.

6.01. Designation. The officers of the Association shall be a President, one (1) or more Vice-Presidents, a Secretary and a Treasurer, all of whom shall be elected by the Board of Directors, and such assistant officers as the Board of Directors shall, from time to time, appoint. Such officers need not be members of the Board of Directors. The office of President and Treasurer may be held by the same person, and the office of Vice-President and Secretary or Assistant Secretary may be held by the same person.

OFFICERS

ARTICLE VI

be a member of the Board of Directors, and two or more members or representatives of a member of the Association. The Nominating Committee shall be appointed by the Board of Directors prior to each annual meeting of the members, to serve from the close of such annual meeting until the close of the next annual meeting and such appointment shall be announced at each annual meeting. The Nominating Committee shall make as many nominations for election to the Board of Directors as it shall in its discretion determine, but not less than the number of vacancies that are to be filled. Such nominations may be made from members or non-members. The appropriate number of members of the Board of Directors shall be elected at the annual meeting of members of the Association, which members of the Association shall vote the number of votes and in the manner set forth in the Declaration and the Articles of Incorporation.

time to time as he may in his discretion decide is appropriate to assist in the conduct of the affairs of the Association, or as may be established by the Board of Directors or by the members of the Association at any annual or special meetings.

6.06. Vice-President. The Vice-President shall have all the powers and authority and perform all the functions and duties of the President in the absence of the President or his inability for any reason to exercise such powers and functions or perform such duties, and shall also perform any duties he is directed to perform by the President.

6.07. Secretary.

(a) The Secretary shall keep all of the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors and the Association. The Secretary shall have charge of such books and papers as the Board of Directors may direct, and shall, in general, perform all the duties incident to the office of Secretary as provided in the Declaration, Bylaws and Articles of Incorporation.

(b) The Secretary shall compile and keep up to date at the principal office of the Association a complete list of the members and their last known addresses as shown on the records of the Association. Such list shall be open to inspection by members and other persons lawfully entitled to inspect the same at reasonable times during regular business hours.

6.08. Assistant Secretary. The Assistant Secretary, if any, shall have all the powers and authority to perform all the functions and duties of the Secretary in the absence of the Secretary or in the event of the Secretary's inability for any reason to exercise such powers and functions or to perform such duties, and also to perform any duties as directed by the Secretary.

6.09. Treasurer.

(a) The Treasurer shall have custody of and be responsible for Association funds and for keeping full and accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Association. The Treasurer shall deposit all monies and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Association in such depositories as may from time to time be designated by the Board of Directors.

(b) The Treasurer shall disburse the funds of the Association as may be ordered by the Board of Directors, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the President and the Board of Directors at its regular meetings, or when the Board of Directors so requires, an account of all his transactions as Treasurer, and of the financial condition of the Association.

ARTICLE VII

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

7.01. Indemnification.

(a) The Association shall indemnify, to the extent provided in the following paragraphs, any person who is or was a director, officer, agent or employee of the Association. In the event the provisions of indemnification set forth below are more restrictive than the provisions of indemnification allowed by Article 1396-2.22A of the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act (the "Act"), then such persons named above shall be indemnified to the full extent permitted by the Act as it may exist from time to time.

(b) In case of a threatened or pending suit, action or proceeding (collectively, "Suit"), whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the Association), against a person named in paragraph (a) above by reason of such person's holding a position named in such paragraph (a), the Association shall indemnify such person, if such person satisfies the standard contained in paragraph (c) below, for amounts actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with the defense or settlement of the Suit as expenses (including court costs and attorneys' fees), amounts paid in settlement, judgments, penalties (including excise and similar taxes), and fines.

(c) A person named in paragraph (a) above will be indemnified only if it is determined in accordance with paragraph (d) below that such person:

(i) acted in good faith in the transaction which is the subject of the Suit; and

(ii) reasonably believed:

(A) if acting in his or her official capacity as director, officer, agent or employee of the Association, that his or her conduct was in the best interests of the Association; and

(B) in all other cases, his or her conduct was not opposed to the best interests of the Association; and

(iii) in the case of any criminal proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful.

The termination of a proceeding by judgment, order, settlement or conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, will not, of itself, create a presumption that such person failed to satisfy the standard contained in this paragraph (c).

(d) A determination that the standard in paragraph (c) above has been satisfied must be made:

(i) by the Board of Directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of Directors who, at the time of the vote, are not named defendants or respondents in the proceeding; or

(ii) if such quorum cannot be obtained, by a majority vote of a committee of the Board of Directors designated to act in the matter by a majority vote of all Directors, consisting solely of two (2) or more Directors who at the time of the vote are not named defendants or respondents in the proceeding; or

(iii) by special legal counsel selected by the Board of Directors or a committee of the Board of Directors by vote as set forth in subparagraphs (i) or (ii) above, or, if such a quorum cannot be obtained and such a committee cannot be established, by a majority vote of all Directors.

(e) Determination as to reasonableness of expenses must be made in the same manner as the determination that indemnification is permissible, except that if the determination that indemnification is permissible is made by special legal counsel, determination as to reasonableness of expenses must be made in the manner specified by subparagraph (d)(iii) above for the selection of special legal counsel.

(f) The Association may reimburse or pay in advance any reasonable expenses (including court costs and attorneys' fees) which may become subject to indemnification under paragraphs (a) through (e) above, but only in accordance with the provisions as stated in paragraph (d) above, and only after the person to receive the payment (i) signs a written affirmation of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification under paragraph (c) above, and (ii) undertakes in writing to repay such advances if it is ultimately determined that such person is not entitled to indemnification by the Association. The written undertaking required by this paragraph must be an unlimited general obligation of the person but need not be secured. It may be accepted without reference to financial ability to make repayment.

(g) The indemnification provided by paragraphs (a) through (e) above will not be exclusive of any other rights to which a person may be entitled by law, bylaw, agreement, vote of members or disinterested Directors, or otherwise.

(h) The indemnification and advance payment provided by paragraphs (a) through (f) above will continue as to a person who has ceased to hold a position named in paragraph (a) above and will inure to such person's heirs, executors and administrators.

(i) The Association may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who holds or has held any position named in paragraph (a) above against any liability incurred by such person in any such position, or arising out of such person's status as such, whether or not the Association would have the power to indemnify such person against such liability under paragraphs (a) through (f) above.

(j) Indemnification payments and advance payments made under paragraphs (a) through (i) above are to be reported in writing to the members of the Association in the next notice or waiver of notice of annual meeting, or within twelve (12) months after the payments are made, whichever is sooner.

(k) All liability, loss, damage, cost and expense incurred or suffered by the Association by reason of or arising out of, or in connection with, the foregoing indemnification provisions shall be treated and handled by the Association as an expense subject to special assessment,

7.02. Other. The Board of Directors, officers, or representatives of the Association shall enter into contracts or other commitments as agents for the Association, and they shall have no personal liability for any such contract or commitment (except such liability as may be ascribed to them in their capacity as Owners).

7.03. Interested Directors and Officers.

(a) If paragraph (b) below is satisfied, no contract or transaction between the Association and any of its Directors or officers (or any other corporation, partnership, association or other organization in which any of them directly or indirectly have a financial interest) shall be void or voidable solely because of this relationship or because of the presence or participation of such Director or officer at the meeting of the Board of Directors or committee thereof which authorizes such contract or transaction, or solely because such person's votes are counted for such purpose.

(b) The contract or transaction referred to in paragraph (a) above will not be void or voidable if:

(i) the contract or transaction is fair to the Association as of the time it is authorized, approved or ratified by the Board of Directors, a committee of the Board of Directors, or the members; or

(ii) the material facts as to the relationship or interest of each such Director or officer as to the contract or transaction are known or disclosed (A) to the members entitled to vote thereon and they nevertheless in good faith authorize or ratify the contract or transaction by a majority of the members present, each such interested person to be counted for quorum and voting purposes, or (B) to the Board of Directors or a committee

of the Board of Directors and the Board of Directors or committee nevertheless in good faith authorizes or ratifies the contract or transaction by a majority of the disinterested Directors present, each such interested Director to be counted in determining whether a quorum is present but not in calculating the majority necessary to carry the vote.

(c) The provisions contained in paragraphs (a) and (b) above may not be construed to invalidate a contract or transaction which would be valid in the absence of such provisions.

ARTICLE VIII

AMENDMENTS TO BYLAWS

8.01. Amendment to Bylaws. These Bylaws may be amended at a regular or special meeting of the members by a vote of a majority of a quorum of members in good standing and present in person or by proxy; provided, however, that such authority may be delegated by the majority of such members to the Board of Directors if allowed by the Act. In connection therewith, the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA"), the Veterans Administration ("VA") and/or the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") shall have the right to veto any amendments to these Bylaws as long as there is a Class B membership but only if the FHA or VA has approved the subdivision and has insured any mortgages secured by first liens on the lots and houses in the subdivision. In the case of any conflict between the Articles of Incorporation and these Bylaws, the Articles shall control, and in the case of any conflict between the Declaration and these Bylaws, the Declaration shall control.

ARTICLE IX

EVIDENCE OF OWNERSHIP, REGISTRATION OF MAILING ADDRESS

9.01. Proof of Ownership. Except for those owners who purchase a lot from Developer, any person, on becoming an owner of a lot, shall furnish to the Board of Directors a true and correct copy of the original or a certified copy of the recorded instrument vesting that person with an interest or ownership in the lot, which copy shall remain in the files of the Association. A member shall not be deemed to be in good standing nor shall he be entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of members unless this requirement is first met.

9.02. Registration of Mailing Address. The owner or several owners of a lot shall have the same registered mailing address to be used by the Association for mailing of monthly statements, notices, demands and all other communications, and such registered address shall be the only mailing address of a person or persons to be used by the Association. Such registered address of an owner or owners shall be deemed to be the mailing address of the lot owned by said owner or owners unless a different registered address is furnished by such owner(s) to the Board of Directors within fifteen (15) days after transfer of title, or after a change of address. Such

registration shall be in written form and signed by all of the owners of the lot or by such person(s) as are authorized by law to represent the interest of all of the owner(s) thereof.

ARTICLE X

GENERAL

10.01. Assessments and Liens. As more fully provided in the Declaration, each Member shall pay to the Association annual and special assessments which are secured by a continuing lien upon the lot against which the assessment is made.

10.02. Abatement and Enjoinment. The violation of any rule or regulation, or the breach of any Bylaw or any provision of the Declaration, shall give the Board of Directors the right, in addition to any other rights set forth in the Declaration or herein, to enjoin, abate or remedy by appropriate legal proceedings, either at law or in equity, the continuance of such violation or breach.

10.03. Committees. The Association may appoint an Architectural Control Committee, subject to the terms of and as provided in the Declaration, and a Nominating Committee, as provided in these Bylaws. In addition, the Board of Directors shall appoint other committees as deemed appropriate in carrying out its purpose.

10.04. Books and Records. The books, records and accounts of the Association shall, at reasonable times upon reasonable written notice, be subject to inspection by any member at such member's sole cost and expense. The Declaration, the Articles of Incorporation and the Bylaws of the Association shall be available for inspection by any member at the principal office of the Association, and copies of such documents may be purchased from the Association at a reasonable cost.

10.05. Non-Profit Association. This Association is not organized for profit. No member of the Association, member of the Board of Directors, officer or person from whom the Association may receive any property or funds shall receive or shall be lawfully entitled to receive any pecuniary profit from the operation thereof, and in no event shall any part of the funds or assets of the Association be paid as salary or compensation to, or distributed to, or inure to the benefit of, any member of the Board of Directors, officer or member; provided, however, that (a) reasonable compensation may be paid to any member, Director or officer while acting as an agent or employee of a third party for services rendered to the Association in effecting one or more of the purposes of the Association, and (b) any member, Director or officer may, from time to time, be reimbursed for his actual and reasonable expenses incurred in connection with the administration of the affairs of the Association.

10.06. Execution of Documents. The persons who shall be authorized to execute any and all contracts, documents, instruments of conveyance or encumbrances, including promissory

notes, shall be the President or any Vice President, and the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary, of the Association.

10.07. Proxy for Beneficiary or Mortgagee Under Deed of Trust. Owners shall have the right to irrevocably constitute and appoint their Mortgagees their true and lawful attorney to vote their lot membership in this Association at any and all meetings of the Association and to vest in such beneficiary or his nominees any and all rights, privileges and powers that they have as owners under the Bylaws of this Association or by virtue of the Declaration. Such proxy shall become effective upon the filing of a notice by the beneficiary with the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Association at such time or times as the beneficiary shall deem its security in jeopardy by reason of the failure, neglect or refusal of the Association or the owners to carry out their duties as set forth in the Declaration. Such proxy shall be valid until such time as a release of the beneficiary's deed of trust is executed and a copy thereof delivered to the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Association, which shall operate to revoke such proxy. Such proxy may be terminated prior to such revocation by the beneficiary's delivering written notice of such termination to the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Association. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to relieve owners of, or to impose upon the beneficiary of the Deed of Trust, the duties and obligation of an owner.

10.08. Conflicting or Invalid Provisions. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, should all or part of any Article or Section of these Bylaws be in conflict with the provisions of the Act or any other Texas law, such Act or law shall control, and should any part of these Bylaws be invalid or inoperative for any reason, the remaining parts, so far as is possible and reasonable, shall be valid and operative.

10.09. Notices. All notices to members of the Association shall be given by delivering the same to each owner in person or by depositing the notices in the U.S. Mail, postage prepaid, addressed to each owner at the address last given by each owner to the Secretary of the Association. If an owner shall fail to give an address to the Secretary for mailing of such notices, all such notices shall be sent to the street address of the lot of such owner. All owners shall be deemed to have been given notice of the meetings upon the proper mailing of the notices to such addresses irrespective of the actual receipt of the notices by the owners.

10.10. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Association shall begin on the first day of January and end on the 31st day of December of every year, except that the first fiscal year shall begin on the date of incorporation of the Association.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we, being all of the directors of SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC., have hereunto set our hands this 10 day of August, 2006.

Erika Herrera
ERIKA HERRERA

Carlos J. Contreras III
CARLOS J. CONTRERAS III

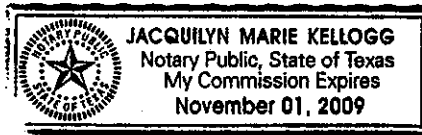
Matthew Wallace
MATTHEW WALLACE

STATE OF TEXAS §
 §
COUNTY OF BEXAR §

This instrument was acknowledged before me this 17th day of AUGUST, 2006, by Erika Herrera, Director of Sundance (San Antonio) Homeowners' Association, Inc., a Texas non-profit corporation, on behalf of said corporation.

11.1.2009
My Commission Expires

Jacquilyn Marie Kellogg
Notary Public, State of Texas



STATE OF TEXAS §
 §
COUNTY OF BEXAR §

This instrument was acknowledged before me this 10 day of August, 2006, by Carlos J. Contreras III, Director of Sundance (San Antonio) Homeowners' Association, Inc., a Texas non-profit corporation, on behalf of said corporation.

May 9, 2010
My Commission Expires

Erika Herrera
Notary Public, State of Texas

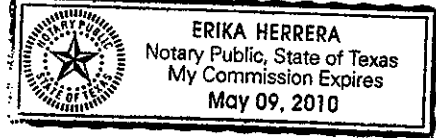


STATE OF TEXAS §
 §
COUNTY OF BEXAR §

This instrument was acknowledged before me this 18 day of August, 2006, by Matthew Wallace, Director of Sundance (San Antonio) Homeowners' Association, Inc., a Texas non-profit corporation, on behalf of said corporation.

May 9, 2010
My Commission Expires

Erika Herrera
Notary Public, State of Texas



AFTER RECORDING, RETURN TO:

*SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.
c/o Pro Comm
300 Sonterra Blvd., Suite 350
San Antonio, TX 78258*

ATTACHMENT 3

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

SOLAR DEVICE POLICY

ENERGY EFFICIENT ROOFING POLICY

Terms used but not defined in this policy will have the meaning subscribed to such terms in that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant").

Note: Texas statutes presently render null and void any restriction in the Covenant which prohibits the installation of solar devices or energy efficient roofing on a residential lot. The Board and/or the architectural approval authority under the Covenant has adopted this policy in lieu of any express prohibition against solar devices or energy efficient roofing, or any provision regulating such matters which conflict with Texas law, as set forth in the Covenant

A. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. Solar Energy Device Defined. A "Solar Energy Device" means a system or series of mechanisms designed primarily to provide heating or cooling or to produce electrical or mechanical power by collecting and transferring solar-generated energy. The term includes a mechanical or chemical device that has the ability to store solar-generated energy for use in heating or cooling or in the production of power.

2. Energy Efficiency Roofing Defined. As used in this Policy, "Energy Efficiency Roofing" means shingles that are designed primarily to: (a) be wind and hail resistant; (b) provide heating and cooling efficiencies greater than those provided by customary composite shingles; or (c) provide solar generation capabilities.

3. Architectural Review Approval Required. Approval by the architectural review authority under the Covenant (the "ACC") is required prior to installing a Solar Energy Device or Energy Efficient Roofing. The ACC is not responsible for: (i) errors in or omissions in the application submitted to the ACC for approval; (ii) supervising the installation or construction to confirm compliance with an approved application; or (iii) the compliance of approved application with governmental codes and ordinances, state and federal laws.

B. SOLAR ENERGY DEVICE PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS

During any development period under the terms and provisions of the Covenant, the architectural review approval authority established under the Covenant need not adhere to the terms and provisions of this Solar Device Policy and may approve, deny, or further restrict the installation of any Solar Device. A development period continues for so long as the Declarant has reserved the right to facilitate the development, construction, size, shape, composition and marketing of the community.

1. Approval Application. To obtain ACC approval of a Solar Energy Device, the Owner shall provide the ACC with the following information: (i) the proposed installation location of the Solar Energy Device; and (ii) a description of the Solar Energy Device, including the dimensions, manufacturer, and photograph or other accurate depiction (the "Solar Application"). A Solar Application may only be submitted by an Owner unless the Owner's tenant provides written confirmation at the time of submission that the Owner consents to the Solar Application.

2. Approval Process. The decision of the ACC will be made within a reasonable time, or within the time period otherwise required by the principal deed restrictions which govern the review and approval of improvements. The ACC will approve a Solar Energy Device if the Solar Application complies with Section B.3 below UNLESS the ACC makes a written determination that placement of the Solar Energy Device, despite compliance with Section B.3, will create a condition that substantially interferes with the use and enjoyment of the property within the community by causing unreasonable discomfort or annoyance to persons of ordinary sensibilities. The ACC's right to make a written determination in accordance with the foregoing sentence is negated if all Owners of property immediately adjacent to the Owner/applicant provide written approval of the proposed placement. Notwithstanding the foregoing provision, a Solar Application submitted to install a Solar Energy Device on property owned or maintained by the Association or property owned in common by members of the Association will not be approved despite compliance with Section B.3. Any proposal to install a Solar Energy Device on property owned or maintained by the Association or property owned in common by members of the Association must be approved in advance and in writing by the Board, and the Board need not adhere to this policy when considering any such request.

Each Owner is advised that if the Solar Application is approved by the ACC, installation of the Solar Energy Device must: (i) strictly comply with the Solar Application; (ii) commence within thirty (30) days of approval; and (iii) be diligently prosecuted to completion. If the Owner fails to cause the Solar Energy Device to be installed in accordance with the approved Solar Application, the ACC may require the Owner to: (i) modify the Solar Application to accurately reflect the Solar Energy Device installed on the property; or (ii) remove the Solar Energy Device and reinstall the device in accordance with the approved Solar Application. Failure to install a Solar Energy Device in accordance with the approved Solar Application or an Owner's failure to comply with the post-approval requirements constitutes a violation of this policy and may subject the Owner to fines and penalties. Any requirement imposed by the ACC to resubmit a Solar Application or remove and relocate a Solar Energy Device in accordance with the approved Solar Application shall be at the Owner's sole cost and expense.

3. Approval Conditions. Unless otherwise approved in advance and in writing by the ACC, each Solar Application and each Solar Energy Device to be installed in accordance therewith must comply with the following:

(i) The Solar Energy Device must be located on the roof of the residence located on the Owner's lot, entirely within a fenced area of the Owner's lot, or entirely within a fenced patio located on the Owner's lot. If the Solar Energy Device will be located on the roof of the residence, the ACC may designate the location for placement unless the location proposed by the Owner increases the estimated annual energy production of the Solar Energy Device, as determined by using a publicly available modeling tool provided by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory, by more than 10 percent above the energy production of the Solar Energy Device if installed in the location designated by the ACC. If the Owner desires to contest the alternate location proposed by the ACC, the Owner should submit information to the ACC which demonstrates that the Owner's proposed location meets the foregoing

criteria. If the Solar Energy Device will be located in the fenced area of the Owner's lot or patio, no portion of the Solar Energy Device may extend above the fence line.

(ii) If the Solar Energy Device is mounted on the roof of the principal residence located on the Owner's lot, then: (A) the Solar Energy Device may not extend higher than or beyond the roofline; (B) the Solar Energy Device must conform to the slope of the roof and the top edge of the Solar Device must be parallel to the roofline; (C) the frame, support brackets, or visible piping or wiring associated with the Solar Energy Device must be silver, bronze or black.

C. ENERGY EFFICIENT ROOFING

The ACC will not prohibit an Owner from installing Energy Efficient Roofing provided that the Energy Efficient Roofing shingles: (i) resemble the shingles used or otherwise authorized for use within the community; (ii) are more durable than, and are of equal or superior quality to, the shingles used or otherwise authorized for use within the community; and (iii) match the aesthetics of adjacent property.

An Owner who desires to install Energy Efficient Roofing will be required to comply with the architectural review and approval procedures set forth in the Covenant. In conjunction with any such approval process, the Owner should submit information which will enable the ACC to confirm the criteria set forth in the previous paragraph.

ATTACHMENT 4
SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.
RAINWATER HARVESTING SYSTEM POLICY

Terms used but not defined in this policy will have the meaning subscribed to such terms in that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant").

Note: Texas statutes presently render null and void any restriction in the Covenant which prohibits the installation of rain barrels or a rainwater harvesting system on a residential lot. The Board and/or the architectural approval authority under the Covenant has adopted this policy in lieu of any express prohibition against rain barrels or rainwater harvesting systems, or any provision regulating such matters which conflict with Texas law, as set forth in the Covenant

A. ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW APPROVAL REQUIRED.

Approval by architectural review authority under the Covenant (the "ACC") is required prior to installing rain barrels or rainwater harvesting system on a residential lot (a "Rainwater Harvesting System"). The ACC is not responsible for: (i) errors in or omissions in the application submitted to the ACC for approval; (ii) supervising installation or construction to confirm compliance with an approved application; or (iii) the compliance of an approved application with governmental codes and ordinances, state and federal laws.

B. RAINWATER HARVESTING SYSTEM PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS

1. Approval Application. To obtain ACC approval of a Rainwater Harvesting System, the Owner shall provide the ACC with the following information: (i) the proposed installation location of the Rainwater Harvesting System; and (ii) a description of the Rainwater Harvesting System, including the color, dimensions, manufacturer, and photograph or other accurate depiction (the "Rain System Application"). A Rain System Application may only be submitted by an Owner unless the Owner's tenant provides written confirmation at the time of submission that the Owner consents to the Rain System Application.

2. Approval Process. The decision of the ACC will be made within a reasonable time, or within the time period otherwise required by the principal deed restrictions which govern the review and approval of improvements. A Rain System Application submitted to install a Rainwater Harvesting System on property owned by the Association or property owned in common by members of the Association will not be approved. Any proposal to install a Rainwater Harvesting System on property owned by the Association or property owned in common by members of the Association must be approved in advance and in writing by the Board, and the Board need not adhere to this policy when considering any such request.

Each Owner is advised that if the Rain System Application is approved by the ACC, installation of the Rainwater Harvesting System must: (i) strictly comply with the Rain System Application; (ii) commence within thirty (30) days of approval; and (iii) be diligently prosecuted to completion. If the Owner fails to cause the Rain System Application to be installed in accordance with the approved Rain

System Application, the ACC may require the Owner to: (i) modify the Rain System Application to accurately reflect the Rain System Device installed on the property; or (ii) remove the Rain System Device and reinstall the device in accordance with the approved Rain System Application. Failure to install a Rain System Device in accordance with the approved Rain System Application or an Owner's failure to comply with the post-approval requirements constitutes a violation of this policy and may subject the Owner to fines and penalties. Any requirement imposed by the ACC to resubmit a Rain System Application or remove and relocate a Rain System Device in accordance with the approved Rain System shall be at the Owner's sole cost and expense.

3. Approval Conditions. Unless otherwise approved in advance and in writing by the ACC, each Rain System Application and each Rain System Device to be installed in accordance therewith must comply with the following:

(i) The Rain System Device must be consistent with the color scheme of the residence constructed on the Owner's lot, as reasonably determined by the ACC.

(ii) The Rain System Device does not include any language or other content that is not typically displayed on such a device.

(iii) The Rain System Device is in no event located between the front of the residence constructed on the Owner's lot and any adjoining or adjacent street.

(iv) There is sufficient area on the Owner's lot to install the Rain System Device, as reasonably determined by the ACC.

(v) If the Rain System Device will be installed on or within the side yard of a lot, or would otherwise be visible from a street, common area, or another Owner's property, the ACC may regulate the size, type, shielding of, and materials used in the construction of the Rain System Device. See Section B. 4 for additional guidance.

4. Guidelines for Certain Rain System Devices. If the Rain System Device will be installed on or within the side yard of a lot, or would otherwise be visible from a street, common area, or another Owner's property, the ACC may regulate the size, type, shielding of, and materials used in the construction of the Rain System Device. Accordingly, when submitting a Rain Device Application, the application should describe methods proposed by the Owner to shield the Rain System Device from the view of any street, common area, or another Owner's property. When reviewing a Rain System Application for a Rain System Device that will be installed on or within the side yard of a lot, or would otherwise be visible from a street, common area, or another Owner's property, any additional regulations imposed by the ACC to regulate the size, type, shielding of, and materials used in the construction of the Rain System Device may not prohibit the economic installation of the Rain System Device, as reasonably determined by the ACC.

ATTACHMENT 5
SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.
FLAG DISPLAY AND FLAGPOLE INSTALLATION POLICY

Terms used but not defined in this policy will have the meaning subscribed to such terms in that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant").

Note: Texas statutes presently render null and void any restriction in the Covenant which restricts or prohibits the display of certain flags or the installation of certain flagpoles on a residential lot in violation of the controlling provisions of Section 202.011 of the Texas Property Code or any federal or other applicable state law. The Board and/or the architectural approval authority under the Covenant has adopted this policy in lieu of any express prohibition against certain flags and flagpoles, or any provision regulating such matters which conflict with Texas law, as set forth in the Covenant.

A. ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW APPROVAL.

1. Approval Not Required. In accordance with the general guidelines set forth in this policy, an Owner is permitted to display the flag of the United States of America, the flag of the State of Texas, an official or replica flag of any branch of the United States Military ("**Permitted Flag**") and permitted to install a flagpole no more than five feet (5') in length affixed to the front of a residence near the principal entry or affixed to the rear of a residence ("**Permitted Flagpole**"). Only two (2) permitted Flagpoles are allowed per residence. A Permitted Flag or Permitted Flagpole need not be approved in advance by the architectural review authority under the Covenant (the "ACC").

2. Approval Required. Approval by the ACC is required prior to installing vertical freestanding flagpoles installed in the front or back yard area of any residential lot ("**Freestanding Flagpole**"). The ACC is not responsible for: (i) errors in or omissions in the application submitted to the ACC for approval; (ii) supervising installation or construction to confirm compliance with an approved application; or (iii) the compliance of an approved application with governmental codes and ordinances, state and federal laws.

B. PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS

1. Approval Application. To obtain ACC approval of any Freestanding Flagpole, the Owner shall provide the ACC with the following information: (a) the location of the flagpole to be installed on the property; (b) the type of flagpole to be installed; (c) the dimensions of the flagpole; and (d) the proposed materials of the flagpole (the "**Flagpole Application**"). A Flagpole Application may only be submitted by an Owner UNLESS the Owner's tenant provides written confirmation at the time of submission that the Owner consents to the Flagpole Application.

2. Approval Process. The decision of the ACC will be made within a reasonable time, or within the time period otherwise required by the principal deed restrictions which govern the review and approval of improvements. A Flagpole Application submitted to install a Freestanding Flagpole on property owned by the Association or property owned in common by members of the Association will not be approved. Any proposal to install a Freestanding Flagpole on property owned by the Association

or property owned in common by members of the Association must be approved in advance and in writing by the Board, and the Board need not adhere to this policy when considering any such request.

Each Owner is advised that if the Flagpole Application is approved by the ACC, installation of the Freestanding Flagpole must: (i) strictly comply with the Flagpole Application; (ii) commence within thirty (30) days of approval; and (iii) be diligently prosecuted to completion. If the Owner fails to cause the Freestanding Flagpole to be installed in accordance with the approved Flagpole Application, the ACC may require the Owner to: (i) modify the Flagpole Application to accurately reflect the Freestanding Flagpole installed on the property; or (ii) remove the Freestanding Flagpole and reinstall the flagpole in accordance with the approved Flagpole Application. Failure to install a Freestanding Flagpole in accordance with the approved Flagpole Application or an Owner's failure to comply with the post-approval requirements constitutes a violation of this policy and may subject the Owner to fines and penalties. Any requirement imposed by the ACC to resubmit a Flagpole Application or remove and relocate a Freestanding Flagpole in accordance with the approved Flagpole Application shall be at the Owner's sole cost and expense.

3. Installation, Display and Approval Conditions. Unless otherwise approved in advance and in writing by the ACC, Permitted Flags, Permitted Flagpoles and Freestanding Flagpoles, installed in accordance with the Flagpole Application, must comply with the following:

- (a) No more than one (1) Freestanding Flagpole OR no more than two (2) Permitted Flagpoles are permitted per residential lot, on which only Permitted Flags may be displayed;
- (b) Any Permitted Flagpole must be no longer than five feet (5') in length and any Freestanding Flagpole must be no more than twenty feet (20') in height;
- (c) Any Permitted Flag displayed on any flagpole may not be more than three feet in height by five feet in width (3'x5');
- (d) With the exception of flags displayed on common area owned and/or maintained by the Association and any lot which is being used for marketing purposes by a builder, the flag of the United States of America must be displayed in accordance with 4 U.S.C. Sections 5-10 and the flag of the State of Texas must be displayed in accordance with Chapter 3100 of the Texas Government Code;
- (e) The display of a flag, or the location and construction of the flagpole must comply with all applicable zoning ordinances, easements and setbacks of record;
- (f) Any flagpole must be constructed of permanent, long-lasting materials, with a finish appropriate to the materials used in the construction of the flagpole and harmonious with the dwelling;
- (g) A flag or a flagpole must be maintained in good condition and any deteriorated flag or deteriorated or structurally unsafe flagpole must be repaired, replaced or removed;
- (h) Any flag may be illuminated by no more than one (1) halogen landscaping light of low beam intensity which shall not be aimed towards or directly affect any neighboring property; and

(i) Any external halyard of a flagpole must be secured so as to reduce or eliminate noise from flapping against the metal of the flagpole.

ATTACHMENT 6

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.
DISPLAY OF CERTAIN RELIGIOUS ITEMS POLICY

Terms used but not defined in this policy will have the meaning subscribed to such terms in that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant").

1. **Display of Certain Religious Items Permitted.** An Owner or resident is permitted to display or affix to the entry of the Owner's or resident's dwelling one or more religious items, the display of which is motivated by the Owner's or resident's sincere religious belief. This Policy outlines the standards which shall apply with respect to the display or affixing of certain religious items on the entry to the Owner's or resident's dwelling.

2. **General Guidelines.** Religious items may be displayed or affixed to an Owner or resident's entry door or door frame of the Owner or resident's dwelling; provided, however, that individually or in combination with each other, the total size of the display is no greater than twenty-five square inches (5"x5" = 25 square inches).

3. **Prohibitions.** No religious item may be displayed or affixed to an Owner or resident's dwelling that: (a) threatens the public health or safety; (b) violates applicable law; or (c) contains language, graphics or any display that is patently offensive. No religious item may be displayed or affixed in any location other than the entry door or door frame and in no event may extend past the outer edge of the door frame of the Owner or resident's dwelling. Nothing in this Policy may be construed in any manner to authorize an Owner or resident to use a material or color for an entry door or door frame of the Owner or resident's dwelling or make an alteration to the entry door or door frame that is not otherwise permitted pursuant to the Association's governing documents.

4. **Removal.** The Association may remove any item which is in violation of the terms and provisions of this Policy.

5. **Covenants in Conflict with Statutes.** To the extent that any provision of the Association's recorded covenants restrict or prohibit an Owner or resident from displaying or affixing a religious item in violation of the controlling provisions of Section 202.018 of the Texas Property Code, the Association shall have no authority to enforce such provisions and the provisions of this Policy shall hereafter control.

ATTACHMENT 7

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. FINE AND ENFORCEMENT POLICY

1. Background. SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. is subject to that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant"). In accordance with the Covenant, the SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., a Texas non-profit corporation (the "Association") was created to administer the terms and provisions of the Covenant. Unless the Covenant or applicable law expressly provides otherwise, the Association acts through a majority of its board of directors (the "Board"). The Association is empowered to enforce the covenants, conditions and restrictions of the Covenant, Bylaws and any rules and regulations of the Association (collectively, the "Restrictions"), including the obligation of Owners to pay assessments pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Covenant and the obligations of the Owners to compensate the Association for costs incurred by the Association for enforcing violations of the Restrictions.

The Board hereby adopts this Fine and Enforcement Policy to establish equitable policies and procedures for the levy of fines within the Association in compliance with the Chapter 209 of the Texas Property Code, titled the "Texas Residential Property Owners Protection Act," as it may be amended (the "Act"). To the extent any provision within this policy is in conflict the Act or any other applicable law, such provision shall be modified to comply with the applicable law.

Terms used in this policy, but not defined, shall have the meaning subscribed to such term in the Restrictions.

2. Policy. The Association uses fines to discourage violations of the Restrictions, and to encourage compliance when a violation occurs – not to punish violators or generate revenue for the Association. Although a fine may be an effective and efficient remedy for certain types of violations or violators, it is only one of several methods available to the Association for enforcing the Restrictions. The Association's use of fines does not interfere with its exercise of other rights and remedies for the same violation.
3. Owner's Liability. An Owner is liable for fines levied by the Association for violations of the Restrictions by the Owner and the relatives, guests, employees, and agents of the Owner and residents. Regardless of who commits the violation, the Association may direct all communications regarding the violation to the Owner.
4. Amount. The Association may set fine amounts on a case by case basis, provided the fine is reasonable in light of the nature, frequency, and effects of the violation. The Association may establish a schedule of fines for certain types of violations. The amount and cumulative total of a fine must be reasonable in comparison to the violation, and should be uniform for similar violations of the same provision of the Restrictions. If the Association allows fines to accumulate, the Association may establish a maximum amount for a particular fine, at which point the total fine will be capped.

5. Violation Notice. Before levying a fine, the Association will give the Owner a written violation notice and an opportunity to be heard. This requirement may not be waived. The Association's written violation notice will contain the following items: (1) the date the violation notice is prepared or mailed; (2) a description of the violation; (3) a reference to the rule or provision that is being violated; (4) a description of the action required to cure the violation; (5) the timeframe in which the violation is required to be cured; (6) the amount of the fine; (7) a statement that not later than the thirtieth (30th) day after the date of the violation notice, the Owner may request a hearing before the Board to contest the violation; and (8) the date the fine attaches or begins accruing, subject to the following:
- a. New Violation. If the Owner has not been given notice and a reasonable opportunity to cure the same or similar violation within the preceding six (6) months, the notice will state a specific timeframe by which the violation must be cured to avoid the fine. The notice must state that any future violation of the same rule may result in the levy of a fine.
 - b. Repeat Violation. In the case of a repeat of the same or similar violation of which the Owner was previously notified and the violation was cured within the preceding six (6) month time period, the notice will state that, because the Owner was given notice and a reasonable opportunity to cure the same or similar violation but the violation has occurred again, the fine attaches from the date of the expiration of the cure period in the violation notice.
 - c. Continuous Violation. If an Owner has been notified of either a new violation or a repeat violation in the manner and for the fine amounts as set forth in the Schedule of Fines below and the Owner has never cured the violation in response to either the notices or the fines, in its sole discretion, the Board may determine that such a circumstance is a continuous violation which warrants a levy of a fine based upon a daily, monthly, or quarterly amount as determined by the Board. The fine shall begin accruing upon the expiration of the cure period in the violation notice informing the Owner of the Board's decision and amount of fine and the Owner's failure and/or refusal to cure as requested.
6. Violation Hearing. An Owner may request in writing a hearing before the Board to contest the fine. To request a hearing before the Board, the Owner must submit a written request to the Association's manager (or the Board if there is no manager) within thirty (30) days after the date of the violation notice. Within fifteen (15) days after the Owner's request for a hearing, the Association will give the Owner at least fifteen (15) days advance notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing. The hearing will be scheduled to provide a reasonable opportunity for both the Board and the Owner to attend. Pending the hearing, the Association may continue to exercise its other rights and remedies for the violation, as if the declared violation were valid. The Owner's request for a hearing suspends only the levy of a fine. The hearing will be held in a closed or executive session of the Board. At the hearing, the Board will consider the facts and circumstances surrounding the violation. The Owner may attend the hearing in person, or may be represented by another person or written communication. If an Owner intends to make an audio recording of the hearing, such Owner's request for hearing shall include a statement noticing the Owner's intent to make an audio recording of the hearing, otherwise, no audio or video recording of the hearing may be made, unless otherwise approved by the Board. The

minutes of the hearing must contain a statement of the results of the hearing and the fine, if any, imposed. A copy of the violation notice and request for hearing should be placed in the minutes of the hearing. If the Owner appears at the meeting, the notice requirements will be deemed satisfied. Unless otherwise agreed by the Board, each hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the agenda attached hereto as Exhibit A.

7. Levy of Fine. Within thirty (30) days after levying the fine, the Board must give the Owner notice of the levied fine. If the fine is levied at the hearing at which the Owner is actually present, the notice requirement will be satisfied if the Board announces its decision to the Owner at the hearing. Otherwise, the notice must be in writing. In addition to the initial levy notice, the Association will give the Owner periodic written notices of an accruing fine or the application of an Owner's payments to reduce the fine. The periodic notices may be in the form of monthly statements or delinquency notices.
8. Collection of Fines. The Association is not entitled to collect a fine from an Owner to whom it has not given notice and an opportunity to be heard. The Association may not foreclose its assessment lien on a debt consisting solely of fines. The Association may not charge interest or late fees for unpaid fines.
9. Amendment of Policy. This policy may be revoked or amended from time to time by the Board. This policy will remain effective until the Association records an amendment to this policy in the county's official public records. The notice may be published and distributed in an Association newsletter or other community-wide publication.

Schedule of Fines

The Board has adopted the following general schedule of fines. The number of notices set forth below does not mean that the Board is required to provide each notice prior to exercising additional remedies as set forth in the Restrictions. The Board may elect to pursue such additional remedies at any time in accordance with applicable law. The Board also reserves the right to set fine amounts on a case by case basis, provided the fine is reasonable in light of the nature, frequency, and effect of the violation:

FINES:

New Violation:

Fine Amount:

1st Notice

Warning

2nd Notice

\$25.00

3rd Notice

\$50.00

Each Subsequent Notice:

\$50.00

Repeat Violation:

1 st Notice	\$50.00
Each Subsequent Notice:	\$50.00

Continuous Violation:

Final Notice	Amount TBD
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EXHIBIT A

HEARING BEFORE THE BOARD

Note: An individual will act as the presiding hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide introductory remarks and administer the hearing agenda.

I. Introduction:

Hearing Officer. The Board has convened for the purpose of hearing an appeal by _____ from the penalties imposed by the Association for violation of the Restrictions.

The hearing is being conducted as required by Section 209.007(a) of the Texas Property Code, and is an opportunity for the appealing party to discuss, verify facts, and resolve the matter at issue. The Board would like to resolve the dispute at this hearing. However, the Board may elect to take the appeal under advisement and conclude the hearing. If the matter is taken under advisement, a final decision will be communicated in writing within fifteen (15) days.

II. Presentation of Facts:

Hearing Officer. This portion of the hearing is to permit a representative of the Association the opportunity to describe the violation and to present photographs or other material relevant to the violation, fines or penalties. After the Association's representative has finished his presentation, the Owner or its representative will be given the opportunity to present photographs or other material relevant to the violation, fines or penalties. The Board may ask questions during either party's presentation. It is requested that questions by the appealing party be held until completion of the presentation by the Association's representative.

[Presentations]

III. Discussion:

Hearing Officer. This portion of the hearing is to permit the Board and the Owner to discuss factual disputes relevant to the violation. Discussion regarding any fine or penalty is also appropriate. Discussion should be productive and designed to seek, if possible, an acceptable resolution of the dispute. The Hearing Officer retains the right to conclude this portion of the hearing at any time.

IV. Resolution:

Hearing Officer. This portion of the hearing is to permit discussion between the Board and the appealing party regarding the final terms of the settlement if a resolution was agreed upon during the discussion phase of the hearing.

If no settlement was agreed upon, the Hearing Officer may: (i) request that the Board enter into executive session to discuss the matter; (ii) request that the Board take the matter under advisement and adjourn the hearing; or (iii) adjourn the hearing.

ATTACHMENT 8

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. ASSESSMENT COLLECTION POLICY

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. is a community (the "Community") created by and subject that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant"). The operation of the Community is vested in SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. (the "Association"), acting through its board of directors (the "Board"). The Association is empowered to enforce the covenants, conditions and restrictions of the Covenant, the Bylaws and rules of the Association (collectively, the "Restrictions"), including the obligation of Owners to pay Assessments pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Covenant.

The Board hereby adopts this Assessment Collection Policy to establish equitable policies and procedures for the collection of Assessments levied pursuant to the Restrictions. Terms used in this policy, but not defined, shall have the meaning subscribed to such term in the Restrictions.

Section 1. DELINQUENCIES, LATE CHARGES & INTEREST

- 1-A. Due Date. An Owner will timely and fully pay Assessments. Regular Assessments are assessed annually and are due and payable on the first calendar day of the month at the beginning of the fiscal year, or in such other manner as the Board may designate in its sole and absolute discretion.
- 1-B. Delinquent. Any Assessment that is not fully paid when due is delinquent. When the account of an Owner becomes delinquent, it remains delinquent until paid in full — including collection costs, interest and late fees.
- 1-C. Late Fees & Interest. If the Association does not receive full payment of an Assessment by 5:00 p.m. after the due date established by the Board, the Association may levy a late fee of \$25 per month and/or interest at the highest rate allowed by applicable usury laws then in effect on the amount of the Assessment from the due date therefore (or if there is no such highest rate, then at the rate of 1 and 1/2% per month) until paid in full.
- 1-D. Liability for Collection Costs. The defaulting Owner is liable to the Association for the cost of title reports, credit reports, certified mail, long distance calls, court costs, filing fees, and other reasonable costs and attorney's fees incurred by the Association in collecting the delinquency.
- 1-E. Insufficient Funds. The Association may levy a charge of \$25 for any check returned to the Association marked "not sufficient funds" or the equivalent.
- 1-F. Waiver. Properly levied collection costs, late fees, and interest may only be waived by a majority of the Board.

Section 2. INSTALLMENTS & ACCELERATION

If an Assessment, other than a Regular Assessment, is payable in installments, and if an Owner defaults in the payment of any installment, the Association may declare the entire Assessment in default and accelerate the due date on all remaining installments of the Assessment. An Assessment, other than a Regular Assessment, payable in installments may be accelerated only after the Association gives the Owner at least fifteen (15) days prior notice of the default and the Association's intent to accelerate the unpaid balance if the default is not timely cured. Following acceleration of the indebtedness, the Association has no duty to reinstate the installment program upon partial payment by the Owner.

Section 3. PAYMENTS

3-A. Application of Payments. After the Association notifies the Owner of a delinquency and the Owner's liability for late fees or interest, and collection costs, any payment received by the Association shall be applied in the following order, starting with the oldest charge in each category, until that category is fully paid, regardless of the amount of payment, notations on checks, and the date the obligations arose:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------|
| (1) Delinquent assessments | (4) Other attorney's fees |
| (2) Current assessments | (5) Fines |
| (3) Attorney fees and costs associated with delinquent assessments | (6) Any other amount |

3-B. Payment Plans. The Association shall offer a payment plan to a delinquent Owner with a minimum term of at least three (3) months and a maximum term of eighteen (18) months from the date the payment plan is requested for which the Owner may be charged reasonable administrative costs and interest. The Association will determine the actual term of each payment plan offered to an Owner. An Owner is not entitled to a payment plan if the Owner has defaulted on a previous payment plan in the last two (2) years. If an Owner is in default at the time the Owner submits a payment, the Association is not required to follow the application of payments schedule set forth in Paragraph 3-A.

3-C. Form of Payment. The Association may require that payment of delinquent Assessments be made only in the form of cash, cashier's check, or certified funds.

3-D. Partial and Conditioned Payment. The Association may refuse to accept partial payment (i.e., less than the full amount due and payable) and payments to which the payer attaches conditions or directions contrary to the Board's policy for applying payments. The Association's endorsement and deposit of a payment does not constitute acceptance. Instead, acceptance by the Association occurs when the Association posts the payment to the Owner's account. If the Association does not accept the payment at that time, it will promptly refund the payment to the payer. A payment that is not refunded to the payer within thirty (30) days after being deposited by the Association may be deemed accepted as to payment, but not as to words of limitation or instruction accompanying the payment. The acceptance by the Association of partial payment of

delinquent Assessments does not waive the Association's right to pursue or to continue pursuing its remedies for payment in full of all outstanding obligations.

- 3-E. Notice of Payment. If the Association receives full payment of the delinquency after recording a notice of lien, the Association will cause a release of notice of lien to be publicly recorded, a copy of which will be sent to the Owner. The Association may require the Owner to prepay the cost of preparing and recording the release.
- 3-F. Correction of Credit Report. If the Association receives full payment of the delinquency after reporting the defaulting Owner to a credit reporting service, the Association will report receipt of payment to the credit reporting service.

Section 4. LIABILITY FOR COLLECTION COSTS

- 4-A. Collection Costs. The defaulting Owner may be liable to the Association for the cost of title reports, credit reports, certified mail, long distance calls, filing fees, and other reasonable costs and attorney's fees incurred in the collection of the delinquency.

Section 5. COLLECTION PROCEDURES

- 5-A. Delegation of Collection Procedures. From time to time, the Association may delegate some or all of the collection procedures, as the Board in its sole discretion deems appropriate, to the Association's managing agent, an attorney, or a debt collector.
- 5-B. Delinquency Notices. If the Association has not received full payment of an Assessment by the due date, the Association may send written notice of nonpayment to the defaulting Owner, by hand delivery, first class mail, and/or by certified mail, stating the amount delinquent. The Association's delinquency-related correspondence may state that if full payment is not timely received, the Association may pursue any or all of the Association's remedies, at the sole cost and expense of the defaulting Owner.
- 5-C. Verification of Owner Information. The Association may obtain a title report to determine the names of the Owners and the identity of other lien-holders, including the mortgage company.
- 5-D. Collection Agency. The Board may employ or assign the debt to one or more collection agencies.
- 5-E. Notification of Mortgage Lender. The Association may notify the mortgage lender of the default obligations.
- 5-F. Notification of Credit Bureau. The Association may report the defaulting Owner to one or more credit reporting services.
- 5-G. Collection by Attorney. If the Owner's account remains delinquent for a period of ninety (90) days, the manager of the Association or the Board of the Association shall refer the delinquent account to the Association's attorney for collection. In the event an account is referred to the Association's attorney, the Owner will be liable to the Association for its legal fees and expenses. Upon referral of a delinquent account to the Association's attorney, the Association's attorney

will provide the following notices and take the following actions unless otherwise directed by the Board:

- (1) Initial Notice: Preparation of the Initial Notice of Demand for Payment Letter. If the account is not paid in full within 30 days (unless such notice has previously been provided by the Association , then
- (2) Lien Notice: Preparation of the Lien Notice of Demand for Payment Letter and record a Notice of Unpaid Assessment Lien. If the account is not paid in full within 30 days, then
- (3) Final Notice: Preparation of the Final Notice of Demand for Payment Letter and Intent to Foreclose and Notice of Intent to Foreclose to Lender . If the account is not paid in full within 30 days, then
- (4) Foreclosure of Lien: Only upon specific approval by a majority of the Board.

5-H. Notice of Lien. The Association's attorney may cause a notice of the Association's Assessment lien against the Owner's home to be publicly recorded. In that event, a copy of the notice will be sent to the defaulting Owner, and may also be sent to the Owner's mortgagee.

5-I. Cancellation of Debt. If the Board deems the debt to be uncollectible, the Board may elect to cancel the debt on the books of the Association, in which case the Association may report the full amount of the forgiven indebtedness to the Internal Revenue Service as income to the defaulting Owner.

5-J. Suspension of Use of Certain Facilities or Services. The Board may suspend the use of the Common Area amenities by an Owner, or his tenant, whose account with the Association is delinquent for at least thirty (30) days.

Section 6. GENERAL PROVISIONS

6-A. Independent Judgment. Notwithstanding the contents of this detailed policy, the officers, directors, manager, and attorney of the Association may exercise their independent, collective, and respective judgment in applying this policy.

6-B. Other Rights. This policy is in addition to and does not detract from the rights of the Association to collect Assessments under the Association's Restrictions and the laws of the State of Texas.

6-C. Limitations of Interest. The Association, and its officers, directors, managers, and attorneys, intend to conform strictly to the applicable usury laws of the State of Texas. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Restrictions or any other document or agreement executed or made in connection with this policy, the Association will not in any event be entitled to receive or collect, as interest, a sum greater than the maximum amount permitted by applicable law. If from any circumstances whatsoever, the Association ever receives, collects, or applies as interest a sum in excess of the maximum rate permitted by law, the excess amount will be applied to the reduction of unpaid Assessments, or reimbursed to the Owner if those Assessments are paid in full.

- 6-D. Notices. Unless the Restrictions, applicable law, or this policy provide otherwise, any notice or other written communication given to an Owner pursuant to this policy will be deemed delivered to the Owner upon depositing same with the U.S. Postal Service, addressed to the Owner at the most recent address shown on the Association's records, or on personal delivery to the Owner. If the Association's records show that an Owner's property is owned by two (2) or more persons, notice to one co-Owner is deemed notice to all co-Owners. Similarly, notice to one resident is deemed notice to all residents. Written communications to the Association, pursuant to this policy, will be deemed given on actual receipt by the Association's president, secretary, managing agent, or attorney.
- 6-E. Amendment of Policy. This policy may be amended from time to time by the Board.

ATTACHMENT 9

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.
RECORDS INSPECTION, COPYING AND RETENTION POLICY

Terms used but not defined in this policy will have the meaning subscribed to such terms in that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant").

Note: Texas statutes presently render null and void any restriction in the Covenant which restricts or prohibits the inspection, copying and/or retention of association records and files in violation of the controlling provisions of the Texas Property Code or any other applicable state law. The Board has adopted this policy in lieu of any express prohibition or any provision regulating such matters which conflict with Texas law, as set forth in the Covenant.

1. **Written Form.** The Association shall maintain its records in written form or in another form capable of conversion into written form within a reasonable time.

2. **Request in Writing; Pay Estimated Costs In Advance.** An Owner (or an individual identified as an Owner's agent, attorney or certified public accountant, provided the designation is in writing and delivered to the Association) may submit a written request via certified mail to the Association's mailing address or authorized representative listed in the management certificate to access the Association's records. The written request must include sufficient detail describing the books and records requested and whether the Owner desires to inspect or copy the records. Upon receipt of a written request, the Association may estimate the costs associated with responding to each request, which costs may not exceed the costs allowed pursuant to Texas Administrative Code Section 70.3, as may be amended from time to time (a current copy of which is attached hereto). Before providing the requested records, the Association will require that the Owner remit such estimated amount to the Association. The Association will provide a final invoice to the Owner on or before the 30th business day after the records are provided by the Association. If the final invoice includes additional amounts due from the requesting party, the additional amounts, if not reimbursed to the Association before the 30th business day after the date the invoice is sent to the Owner, may be added to the Owner's account as an assessment. If the estimated costs exceeded the final invoice amount, the Owner is entitled to a refund, and the refund shall be issued to the Owner not later than the 30th business day after the date the final invoice is sent to the Owner.

3. **Period of Inspection.** Within ten (10) business days from receipt of the written request, the Association must either: (1) provide the copies to the Owner; (2) provide available inspection dates; or (3) provide written notice that the Association cannot produce the documents within the ten (10) days along with either: (i) another date within an additional fifteen (15) days on which the records may either be inspected or by which the copies will be sent to the Owner; or (ii) after a diligent search, the requested records are missing and can not be located.

4. **Records Retention.** The Association shall keep the follow records for at least the times periods stated below:

- a. **PERMANENT:** The Articles of Incorporation or the Certificate of Formation, the Bylaws and the Covenant, any and all other governing documents, guidelines, rules, regulations and policies and all amendments thereto recorded in the property records to be effective against any Owner and/or Member of the Association.
- b. **FOUR (4) YEARS:** Contracts with a term of more than one (1) year between the Association and a third party. The four (4) year retention term begins upon expiration of the contract term.
- c. **FIVE (5) YEARS:** Account records of each Owner. Account records include debit and credit entries associated with amounts due and payable by the Owner to the Association, and written or electronic records related to the Owner and produced by the Association in the ordinary course of business.
- d. **SEVEN (7) YEARS:** Minutes of all meetings of the Board and the Owners.
- e. **SEVEN (7) YEARS:** Financial books and records produced in the ordinary course of business, tax returns and audits of the Association.
- f. **GENERAL RETENTION INSTRUCTIONS:** "Permanent" means records which are not to be destroyed. Except for contracts with a term of one (1) year or more (See item 4.b. above), a retention period starts on the last day of the year in which the record is created and ends on the last day of the year of the retention period. For example, if a record is created on June 14, 2012, and the retention period is five (5) years, the retention period begins on December 31, 2012 and ends on December 31, 2017. If the retention period for a record has elapsed and the record will be destroyed, the record should be shredded or otherwise safely and completely destroyed. Electronic files should be destroyed to ensure that data cannot be reconstructed from the storage mechanism on which the record resides.

5. **Confidential Records.** As determined in the discretion of the Board, certain Association records may be kept confidential such as personnel files, Owner account or other personal information (except addresses) unless the Owner requesting the records provides a court order or written authorization from the person whose records are sought.

6. **Attorney Files.** Attorney's files and records relating to the Association (excluding invoices requested by a Owner pursuant to Texas Property Code Section 209.008(d)), are not records of the Association and are not: (a) subject to inspection by the Owner; or (b) subject to production in a legal proceeding. If a document in an attorney's files and records relating to the Association would be responsive to a legally authorized request to inspect or copy Association documents, the document shall be produced by using the copy from the attorney's files and records if the Association has not maintained a separate copy of the document. The Association is not required under any circumstance to produce a document for inspection or copying that constitutes attorney work product or that is privileged as an attorney-client communication.

7. *Presence of Board Member or Manager; No Removal.* At the discretion of the Board or the Association's manager, certain records may only be inspected in the presence of a Board member or employee of the Association's manager. No original records may be removed from the office without the express written consent of the Board.

TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
TITLE 1, PART 3, CHAPTER 70
RULE §70.3 - CHARGES FOR PROVIDING COPIES OF PUBLIC INFORMATION

(a) The charges in this section to recover costs associated with providing copies of public information are based on estimated average costs to governmental bodies across the state. When actual costs are 25% higher than those used in these rules, governmental bodies other than agencies of the state, may request an exemption in accordance with §70.4 of this title (relating to Requesting an Exemption).

(b) Copy charge.

(1) Standard paper copy. The charge for standard paper copies reproduced by means of an office machine copier or a computer printer is \$.10 per page or part of a page. Each side that has recorded information is considered a page.

(2) Nonstandard copy. The charges in this subsection are to cover the materials onto which information is copied and do not reflect any additional charges, including labor, that may be associated with a particular request. The charges for nonstandard copies are:

(A) Diskette--\$1.00;

(B) Magnetic tape--actual cost

(C) Data cartridge--actual cost;

(D) Tape cartridge--actual cost;

(E) Rewritable CD (CD-RW)--\$1.00;

(F) Non-rewritable CD (CD-R)--\$1.00;

(G) Digital video disc (DVD)--\$3.00;

(H) JAZ drive--actual cost;

(I) Other electronic media--actual cost;

(J) VHS video cassette--\$2.50;

(K) Audio cassette--\$1.00;

(L) Oversize paper copy (e.g.: 11 inches by 17 inches, greenbar, bluebar, not including maps and photographs using specialty paper--See also §70.9 of this title)--\$.50;

(M) Specialty paper (e.g.: Mylar, blueprint, blueline, map, photographic--actual cost.

(c) Labor charge for programming. If a particular request requires the services of a programmer in order to execute an existing program or to create a new program so that requested information may be accessed and copied, the governmental body may charge for the programmer's time.

(1) The hourly charge for a programmer is \$28.50 an hour. Only programming services shall be charged at this hourly rate.

(2) Governmental bodies that do not have in-house programming capabilities shall comply with requests in accordance with §552.231 of the Texas Government Code.

(3) If the charge for providing a copy of public information includes costs of labor, a governmental body shall comply with the requirements of §552.261(b) of the Texas Government Code.

(d) Labor charge for locating, compiling, manipulating data, and reproducing public information.

(1) The charge for labor costs incurred in processing a request for public information is \$15 an hour. The labor charge includes the actual time to locate, compile, manipulate data, and reproduce the requested information.

(2) A labor charge shall not be billed in connection with complying with requests that are for 50 or fewer pages of paper records, unless the documents to be copied are located in:

(A) Two or more separate buildings that are not physically connected with each other; or

(B) A remote storage facility.

(3) A labor charge shall not be recovered for any time spent by an attorney, legal assistant, or any other person who reviews the requested information:

(A) To determine whether the governmental body will raise any exceptions to disclosure of the requested information under the Texas Government Code, Subchapter C, Chapter 552; or

(B) To research or prepare a request for a ruling by the attorney general's office pursuant to §552.301 of the Texas Government Code.

(4) When confidential information pursuant to a mandatory exception of the Act is mixed with public information in the same page, a labor charge may be recovered for time spent to redact, blackout, or otherwise obscure confidential information in order to release the public information. A labor charge shall not be made for redacting confidential information for requests of 50 or fewer pages, unless the request also qualifies for a labor charge pursuant to Texas Government Code, §552.261(a)(1) or (2).

(5) If the charge for providing a copy of public information includes costs of labor, a governmental body shall comply with the requirements of Texas Government Code, Chapter 552, §552.261(b).

(6) For purposes of paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection, two buildings connected by a covered or open sidewalk, an elevated or underground passageway, or a similar facility, are not considered to be separate buildings.

(e) Overhead charge.

(1) Whenever any labor charge is applicable to a request, a governmental body may include in the charges direct and indirect costs, in addition to the specific labor charge. This overhead charge would cover such costs as depreciation of capital assets, rent, maintenance and repair, utilities, and administrative overhead. If a governmental body chooses to recover such costs, a charge shall be made in accordance with the methodology described in paragraph (3) of this subsection. Although an exact calculation of costs will vary, the use of a standard charge will avoid complication in calculating such costs and will provide uniformity for charges made statewide.

(2) An overhead charge shall not be made for requests for copies of 50 or fewer pages of standard paper records unless the request also qualifies for a labor charge pursuant to Texas Government Code, §552.261(a)(1) or (2).

(3) The overhead charge shall be computed at 20% of the charge made to cover any labor costs associated with a particular request. Example: if one hour of labor is used for a particular request, the formula would be as follows: Labor charge for locating, compiling, and reproducing, $\$15.00 \times .20 = \3.00 ; or Programming labor charge, $\$28.50 \times .20 = \5.70 . If a request requires one hour of labor charge for locating, compiling, and reproducing information ($\$15.00$ per hour); and one hour of programming labor charge ($\$28.50$ per hour), the combined overhead would be: $\$15.00 + \$28.50 = \$43.50 \times .20 = \8.70 .

(f) Microfiche and microfilm charge.

(1) If a governmental body already has information that exists on microfiche or microfilm and has copies available for sale or distribution, the charge for a copy must not exceed the cost of its reproduction. If no copies of the requested microfiche or microfilm are available and the information on the microfiche or microfilm can be released in its entirety, the governmental body should make a copy of the microfiche or microfilm. The charge for a copy shall not exceed the cost of its reproduction. The Texas State Library and Archives Commission has the capacity to reproduce microfiche and microfilm for governmental bodies. Governmental bodies that do not have in-house capability to reproduce microfiche or microfilm are encouraged to contact the Texas State Library before having the reproduction made commercially.

(2) If only a master copy of information in microfilm is maintained, the charge is \$.10 per page for standard size paper copies, plus any applicable labor and overhead charge for more than 50 copies.

(g) Remote document retrieval charge.

(1) Due to limited on-site capacity of storage documents, it is frequently necessary to store information that is not in current use in remote storage locations. Every effort should be made by governmental bodies to store current records on-site. State agencies are encouraged to store inactive or non-current records with the Texas State Library and Archives Commission. To the extent that the retrieval of documents results in a charge to comply with a request, it is permissible to recover costs of such services for requests that qualify for labor charges under current law.

(2) If a governmental body has a contract with a commercial records storage company, whereby the private company charges a fee to locate, retrieve, deliver, and return to storage the needed record(s), no additional labor charge shall be factored in for time spent locating documents at the storage location by the private company's personnel. If after delivery to the governmental body, the boxes must still be searched for records that are responsive to the request, a labor charge is allowed according to subsection (d)(1) of this section.

(h) Computer resource charge.

(1) The computer resource charge is a utilization charge for computers based on the amortized cost of acquisition, lease, operation, and maintenance of computer resources, which might include, but is not limited to, some or all of the following: central processing units (CPUs), servers, disk drives, local area networks (LANs), printers, tape drives, other peripheral devices, communications devices, software, and system utilities.

(2) These computer resource charges are not intended to substitute for cost recovery methodologies or charges made for purposes other than responding to public information requests.

(3) The charges in this subsection are averages based on a survey of governmental bodies with a broad range of computer capabilities. Each governmental body using this cost recovery charge shall determine which category(ies) of computer system(s) used to fulfill the public information request most closely fits its existing system(s), and set its charge accordingly. Type of System--Rate: mainframe--\$10 per CPU minute; Midsize--\$1.50 per CPU minute; Client/Server--\$2.20 per clock hour; PC or LAN--\$1.00 per clock hour.

(4) The charge made to recover the computer utilization cost is the actual time the computer takes to execute a particular program times the applicable rate. The CPU charge is not meant to apply to programming or printing time; rather it is solely to recover costs associated with the actual time required by the computer to execute a program. This time, called CPU time, can be read directly from the CPU

clock, and most frequently will be a matter of seconds. If programming is required to comply with a particular request, the appropriate charge that may be recovered for programming time is set forth in subsection (d) of this section. No charge should be made for computer print-out time. Example: If a mainframe computer is used, and the processing time is 20 seconds, the charges would be as follows: $\$10 / 3 = \3.33 ; or $\$10 / 60 \times 20 = \3.33 .

(5) A governmental body that does not have in-house computer capabilities shall comply with requests in accordance with the §552.231 of the Texas Government Code.

(i) Miscellaneous supplies. The actual cost of miscellaneous supplies, such as labels, boxes, and other supplies used to produce the requested information, may be added to the total charge for public information.

(j) Postal and shipping charges. Governmental bodies may add any related postal or shipping expenses which are necessary to transmit the reproduced information to the requesting party.

(k) Sales tax. Pursuant to Office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts' rules sales tax shall not be added on charges for public information (34 TAC, Part 1, Chapter 3, Subchapter O, §3.341 and §3.342).

(l) Miscellaneous charges: A governmental body that accepts payment by credit card for copies of public information and that is charged a "transaction fee" by the credit card company may recover that fee.

(m) These charges are subject to periodic reevaluation and update.

Source Note: The provisions of this §70.3 adopted to be effective September 18, 1996, 21 TexReg 8587; amended to be effective February 20, 1997, 22 TexReg 1625; amended to be effective December 3, 1997, 22 TexReg 11651; amended to be effective December 21, 1999, 24 TexReg 11255; amended to be effective January 16, 2003, 28 TexReg 439; amended to be effective February 11, 2004, 29 TexReg 1189; transferred effective September 1, 2005, as published in the Texas Register September 29, 2006, 31 TexReg 8251; amended to be effective February 22, 2007, 32 TexReg 614

ATTACHMENT 10

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. STATUTORY NOTICE OF POSTING AND RECORDATION OF ASSOCIATION GOVERNING DOCUMENTS

Terms used but not defined in this policy will have the meaning subscribed to such terms in that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant").

1. Dedicatory Instruments. As set forth in Texas Property Code Section 202.001, "dedicatory instrument" means each document governing the establishment, maintenance or operation of a residential subdivision, planned unit development, condominium or townhouse regime, or any similar planned development. The term includes the declaration or similar instrument subjecting real property to: (a) restrictive covenants, bylaws, or similar instruments governing the administration or operation of a property Owners' association; (b) properly adopted rules and regulations of the property Owners' association; or (c) all lawful amendments to the covenants, bylaws, instruments, rules, or regulations, or as otherwise referred to in this notice as the "Governing Documents."

2. Recordation of All Governing Documents. The Association shall file all of the Governing Documents in the real property records of each county in which the property to which the documents relate is located. Any dedicatory instrument comprising one of the Governing Documents of the Association has no effect until the instrument is filed in accordance with this provision, as set forth in Texas Property Code Section 202.006.

3. Online Posting of Governing Documents. The Association shall make all of the Governing Documents relating to the Association or subdivision and filed in the county deed records available on a website if the Association has, or a management company on behalf of the Association maintains, a publicly accessible website.

ATTACHMENT 11

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.
STATUTORY NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING, ELECTIONS AND VOTING

Terms used but not defined in this policy will have the meaning subscribed to such terms in that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant").

Note: Texas statutes presently render null and void any restriction in the Covenant which restricts or prohibits annual meetings, certain election requirements and voting processes and other conduct related to annual meetings, elections and voting in violation of the controlling provisions of the Texas Property Code or any other applicable state law.

1. **Annual Meetings Mandatory.** As set forth in Texas Property Code Section 209.014, the Association is required to call an annual meeting of the Members of the Association.

2. **Notice of Election or Association Vote.** Not later than the tenth (10th) day or earlier than the sixtieth (60th) day before the date of an election or vote, the Association must give written notice of the election or vote to: (a) each Owner in the Association for purposes of an Association-wide election or vote; or (b) each Owner in the Association entitled to vote to elect Board Members.

3. **Election of Board Members.** Except during any development period established in the Covenant (see Paragraph 11 below), any Board Member whose term has expired must be elected by Owners in the Association. A Board Member may be appointed by the Board only to fill a vacancy caused by a resignation, death, or disability. A Board Member appointed to fill a vacant position shall serve the unexpired term of the predecessor board member.

4. **Eligibility for Board Membership.** Except during any development period established in the Covenant (see Paragraph 11 below), the Association may not restrict an Owner's right to run for a position on the Board. If the Board is presented with written and documented evidence from a database or other record maintained by a governmental law enforcement authority that a Board Member has been convicted of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude, the Board Member is then immediately ineligible to serve on the Board, automatically considered removed from the Board, and prohibited from future service on the Board.

5. **Right to Vote.** Except during any development period established in the Covenant (see Paragraph 11 below), any provision in the Association's governing documents that would disqualify an Owner from voting in an Association election of Board Members or on any matter concerning the rights or responsibilities of the Owner is void.

6. **Voting: Quorum.** The voting rights of an Owner may be cast or given: (a) in person or by proxy at a meeting of the Association; (b) by absentee ballot; (c) by electronic ballot;

or (d) by any method of representative or delegated voting provided by the Association's governing documents.

7. **Written Ballots.** Any vote cast in an election or vote by a Member of the Association must be in writing and signed by the member. Electronic votes constitute written and signed ballots. In an Association-wide election, written and signed ballots are not required for uncontested races.

8. **Absentee or Electronic Ballots.** An absentee or electronic ballot: (a) may be counted as an Owner present and voting for the purpose of establishing a quorum only for items appearing on the ballot; (b) may not be counted, even if properly delivered, if the Owner attends any meeting to vote in person, so that any vote cast at a meeting by an Owner supersedes any vote submitted by absentee or electronic ballot previously submitted for that proposal; and (c) may not be counted on the final vote of a proposal if the proposal was amended at the meeting to be different from the exact language on the absentee or electronic ballot.

a. **Meaning of Electronic Ballot.** Notwithstanding any contrary provision in the governing document of the Association, "electronic ballot" means a ballot: (a) given by email, facsimile or posting on a website; (b) for which the identity of Owner submitting the ballot can be confirmed; and (c) for which the Owner may receive a receipt of the electronic transmission and receipt of the Owner's ballot. If an electronic ballot is posted on a website, a notice of the posting shall be sent to each Owner that contains instructions on obtaining access to the posting on the website.

b. **Solicitation of Votes by Absentee Ballot.** Any solicitation for votes by absentee ballot must include: (a) an absentee ballot that contains each proposed action and provides an opportunity to vote for or against each proposed action; (b) instructions for delivery of the completed absentee ballot, including the delivery location; and (c) the following language: *"By casting your vote via absentee ballot you will forgo the opportunity to consider and vote on any action from the floor on these proposals, if a meeting is held. This means that if there are amendments to these proposals your votes will not be counted on the final vote on these measures. If you desire to retain this ability, please attend any meeting in person. You may submit an absentee ballot and later choose to attend any meeting in person, in which case any in-person vote will prevail."*

9. **Tabulation of and Access to Ballots.** A person who is a candidate in an Association election or who is otherwise the subject of an Association vote, or a person related to that person within the third degree by consanguinity or affinity may not tabulate or otherwise be given access to the ballots cast in that election or vote. A person tabulating votes in an Association election or vote may not disclose to any other person how an individual voted.

10. **Recount of Votes.** Any Owner may, not later than the fifteenth (15th) day after the date of the meeting at which the election was held, require a recount of the votes. A demand for a recount must be submitted in writing either: (a) by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by delivery by the U.S. Postal Service with signature confirmation service to the Association's mailing address as reflected on the latest management certificate; or (b) in person to the Association's managing agent as reflected on the latest management certificate or to the address to which absentee and proxy ballots are mailed. The Owner requesting the recount will be

required to pay, in advance, expenses associated with the recount as estimated by the Association. Any recount must be performed on or before the thirtieth (30th) day after the date of receipt of a request and payment for a recount is submitted to the Association for a vote tabulator as set forth below.

a. Vote Tabulator. At the expense of the Owner requesting the recount, the Association shall retain for the purpose of performing the recount, the services of a person qualified to tabulate votes. The Association shall enter into a contract for the services of a person who: (a) is not a Member of the Association or related to a Member of the Association Board within the third degree by consanguinity or affinity; and (b) is either a person agreed on by the Associations and any person requesting a recount or is a current or former county judge, county elections administrator, justice of the peace or county voter registrar.

b. Reimbursement for Recount Expenses. If the recount changes the results of the election, the Association shall reimburse the requesting Owner for the cost of the recount to the extent such costs were previously paid by the Owner to the Association. The Association shall provide the results of the recount to each Owner who requested the recount.

c. Board Action. Any action taken by the Board in the period between the initial election vote tally and the completion of the recount is not affected by any recount.

11. Development Period. The Covenant may provide for a period of declarant control of the association during which a declarant, or persons designated by the declarant, may appoint and remove board members and the officers of the association, other than the board members or officers elected by members of the property association.

ATTACHMENT 12

SUNDANCE (SAN ANTONIO) HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.
STATUTORY NOTICE OF CONDUCT OF BOARD MEETINGS

Terms used but not defined in this policy will have the meaning subscribed to such terms in that certain Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded under Document No. 20060043426, 20070009193, 20060236463, 20060256500, 20070284823 and 20080235669 , Official Public Records of Bexar County, Texas, as amended (the "Covenant").

Note: Texas statutes presently render null and void any restriction in the Covenant which restricts or prohibits open board meetings and other conduct related to board meetings in violation of the controlling provisions of the Texas Property Code or any other applicable state law.

1. **Definition of Board Meetings.** As set forth in Texas Property Code Section 209.0051, "board meeting" means: (a) a deliberation between a quorum of the Board, or between a quorum of the Board and another person, during which Association business is considered and the Board takes formal action; but does not include: (b) the gathering of a quorum of the Board at a social function unrelated to the business of the Association or the attendance by a quorum of the Board at a regional, state, or national convention, ceremonial event, or press conference, if formal action is not taken and any discussion of Association business is incidental to the social function, convention, ceremonial event, or press conference.

2. **Open Board Meetings.** All regular and special Board meetings must be open to Owners. However, the Board has the right to adjourn a meeting and reconvene in closed executive session to consider actions involving: (a) personnel; (b) pending or threatened litigation; (c) contract negotiations; (d) enforcement actions; (e) confidential communications with the Association's attorney; (f) matters involving the invasion of privacy of individual Owners, or matters that are to remain confidential by request of the affected parties and agreement of the Board. Following an executive session, any decision made by the Board in executive session must be summarized orally in general terms and placed in the minutes, without breaching the privacy of individual Owners, violating any privilege, or disclosing information that was to remain confidential at the request of the affected parties. The oral summary must include a general explanation of expenditures approved in executive session.

3. **Location.** Except if otherwise held by electronic or telephonic means, a Board meeting must be held in the county in which all or a party of the property in the subdivision is located or in a county adjacent to that county, as determined in the discretion of the Board.

4. **Record; Minutes.** The Board shall keep a record of each regular or special Board meeting in the form of written minutes of the meeting. The Board shall make meeting records, including approved minutes, available to a Member for inspection and copying on the Member's written request to the Association's managing agent at the address appearing on the most recently filed management certificate or, if there is not a managing agent, to the Board.

5. Notices. Members shall be given notice of the date, hour, place, and general subject of a regular or special board meeting, including a general description of any matter to be brought up for deliberation in executive session. The notice shall be: (a) mailed to each property Owner not later than the tenth (10th) day or earlier than the sixtieth (60th) day before the date of the meeting; or (b) provided at least seventy-two (72) hours before the start of the meeting by: (i) posting the notice in a conspicuous manner reasonably designed to provide notice to Association members in a place located on the Association's common area property or on any website maintained by the Association; and (ii) sending the notice by e-mail to each Owner who has registered an e-mail address with the Association. It is an Owner's duty to keep an updated e-mail address registered with the Association. The Board may establish a procedure for registration of email addresses, which procedure may be required for the purpose of receiving notice of Board meetings. If the Board recesses a regular or special Board meeting to continue the following regular business day, the Board is not required to post notice of the continued meeting if the recess is taken in good faith and not to circumvent this section. If a regular or special Board meeting is continued to the following regular business day, and on that following day the Board continues the meeting to another day, the Board shall give notice of the continuation in at least one manner as set forth above within two (2) hours after adjourning the meeting being continued.

6. Meeting without Prior Notice. A Board may meet by any method of communication, including electronic and telephonic, without prior notice to Owners if each director may hear and be heard and may take action by unanimous written consent to consider routine and administrative matters or a reasonably unforeseen emergency or urgent necessity that requires immediate Board action. Any action taken without notice to Owners must be summarized orally, including an explanation of any known actual or estimated expenditures approved at the meeting, and documented in the minutes of the next regular or special Board meeting. The Board may not, without prior notice to Owners under Paragraph 5 above consider or vote on:

- (a) fines;
- (b) damage assessments;
- (c) initiation of foreclosure actions;
- (d) initiation of enforcement actions, excluding temporary restraining orders or violations involving a threat to health or safety;
- (e) increases in assessments;
- (f) levying of special assessments;
- (g) appeals from a denial of architectural control approval; or
- (h) a suspension of a right of a particular Owner before the Owner has an opportunity to attend a Board meeting to present the Owner's position, including any defense, on the issue.

7. *Development Period.* The provisions of this policy do not apply to Board meetings during the "development period" (as defined in the Covenant) unless the meeting is conducted for the purpose of: (a) adopting or amending the governing documents, including declarations, bylaws, rules, and regulations of the Association; (b) increasing the amount of regular assessments of the Association or adopting or increasing a special assessment; (c) electing non-developer Board members of the Association or establishing a process by which those members are elected; or (d) changing the voting rights of members of the Association.

ATTACHMENT 13

POOL RULES